## LIMITED 203(k) PURCHASE TRANSACTION MAXIMUM MORTGAGE CALCULATION

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**Establishing Financeable Repair and Improvement Costs, Fees and Reserves** 

Repair and Improvement Costs and Fees Total (Sum of A1 thru A4)

Step 1:

A.

Repair and improvement costs and rees rotal (same) 712	. Cili a 71 <del>-1</del> )	т		
1. Costs of construction, repairs and rehabilitation	Costs of construction, repairs and rehabilitation     \$			
2. Inspection Fees (work Performed during Rehabilita	ition) \$			
3. Title Update Fees	\$			
4. Permit Fees	\$			
B. Financeable Contingency Reserves	-	\$		
C. Financeable Mortgage Fees, if charged (Sum of C1 and C2)		\$		
1. Origination Fee (Greater of \$350 or 1.5% of (Sum o	of 1A+1B) \$			
2. Discount Points (Applied to the sum of 1A+1B)	\$			
D. Total Rehabilitation Costs, Fees, and Reserves (Sum of 1A Not to exceed \$35,000	, 1B & 1C)	\$		
tep 2: Establishing Value				
A. Purchase Price	\$			
B. Inducement to Purchase	\$ \$			
C. Purchase Price Less Inducement to Purchase	Υ	\$		
		\$		
1)	As-Is Property Value (As-Is Appraisal may be required to comply with Property Flipping guidelines)			
Adjusted As-Is Value	mppg garaeee,			
	(If As-is appraisal is obtained, then the As-is property value (Step 2D) = Adjusted As-Is Value, <b>OR</b>			
	After-Improved Value (Appraisal Subject to repairs and improvements)			
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tep 3: Calculating Maximum Mortgage				
A. Step 2E + Step 1D (Adjusted As-Is Value + Step 1 Total)		\$		
B. Step 2F (After-Improved Value) X 110% (100% if Condo)				
C. Lesser of 3A or 3B (\$ ) x Maximum LTV Factor	from 3F%	\$ \$		
D. Nationwide Mortgage Limit	· · ·			
E. Initial Base Mortgage Amount = Lesser of 3C or 3D				
F. Determining Loan-To-Value Factor for Maximum Mortgag	Determining Loan-To-Value Factor for Maximum Mortgage Eligibility%			
Basis Criteria	Maximum LTV Factor			
1100	□ 96.5%			
MDCS At or above 580	□ 30.370			
MDCS At or above 580  MDCS Between 500 and 579	□ 90%			
MDCS Between 500 and 579	□ 90%			

Mortgagees must consult HUD Handbook 4000.1 for detailed guidance on all 203(k) loan transactions.

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Step 4:	Additions to Initial Base Mortgage Amount for EEM, and/or Solar/Wind Energy  Note: If no EEM or Solar/Wind additions, then Initial Base Mortgage amount (3F) = Final Base Mortgage amount (4G)	
A.	Energy Efficient Mortgage (EEM) Improvement Amount	\$
В.	Step 3E + Step 4A (Initial Base Mortgage Amount + EEM Improvement Amount)	\$
C.	Solar/Wind Energy System Actual Cost	\$
D.	Step 2F x 20% (After-Improved Value x 20%)	\$
E.	Lesser of (Step 4C or Step 4D) = Maximum financeable Solar/Wind Energy amount	\$
F.	Step 3E x 120% (Nationwide Mortgage Limit x 120%)	\$
G.	Final Base Mortgage Amount = Lesser of (Sum of Step 4B + Step 4E) or Step 4F	\$

Step 5:	Calculating the LTV for Application of Annual MIP  Note: If no EEM or Solar/Wind additions, then Initial Base Mortgage amount (3F) = Final Base Mortgage amount (	'4G)
A.	MIP LTV = 4G divided by 2F (Final Base Mortgage Amount divided by After Improved Value)	%

Step 6:	Establishing the Rehabilitation Escrow Account		
Α	Rehabilitation Escrow Account (Sum of A1 thru A3)		\$
	1. Repair and Improvement Costs, Fees & Reserves (Step 1D)	\$	
	2. Cost of EEM, weatherization or Solar energy systems	\$	
	3. Borrowers Own Funds for Contingency Reserves (if not financed in 6:A1)	\$	
В	Initial Draw at Closing Total (Sum of B1 thru B4)		\$
	1. Permit Fees	\$	
	2. Origination Fees (Step 1:C1)	\$	
	3. Discount Points (Step 1:C2)	\$	
	4. Up to 50% of materials and labor costs for contractor deposit (when permitted per pol	icy) \$	
C.	Rehabilitation Escrow Amount Balance for Future Draws = 6A minus 6B		\$

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